

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Section 1. Identi	
Product name	: Lenox® Pro Tool Lube™
Material uses	: Lubricants
Manufacturer	: Lenox Tools 301 Chestnut Street East Longmeadow, MA 01028
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC (U.S. and Canada) 1-800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (Outside the U.S.) +1-703-527-0585
Section 2. Hazar	ds identification
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200),
Classification of the substance or mixture	: SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 33.4%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	: Causes eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed ou of the workplace.
Response	: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated	7.76	25322-69-4
2,2',2"-nitrilotriethanol	4.68	102-71-6
Oxirane, 2-methyl-, polymer with oxirane, monobutyl ether	4.019	9038-95-3
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	3.351	64742-47-8
2,2',2"-(hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol	0.421	4719-04-4

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasic eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. minutes. If irritation persists, get medical attention.</li> </ul>	Continue to rinse for at least 10
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a pos not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respirator respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get med persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in reco attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Le tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decor symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person n surveillance for 48 hours.</li> </ul>	sition comfortable for breathing. If ry arrest occurs, provide artificial be dangerous to the person providing ical attention if adverse health effects very position and get medical posen tight clothing such as a collar, mposition products in a fire,
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove cont contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medi complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. V shoes thoroughly before reuse.	removing it, or wear gloves. cal attention. In the event of any
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if a keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing, the exposed person is conscious, give small quanti exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dang unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If we kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Ge effects persist or are severe. Never give anything the function of the several person and get in Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing successional several sev	If material has been swallowed and ties of water to drink. Stop if the gerous. Do not induce vomiting omiting occurs, the head should be et medical attention if adverse health by mouth to an unconscious person. nedical attention immediately.
	e/effects, acute and delayed	
Potential acute health eff		
Eye contact	: Causes eye irritation.	
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Over-exposure signs/syn		
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation watering redness	
Inhalation	: No specific data.	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1/29/2019. Date of previous issue : 3/12/2015.	Version : 2 2/10

### Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate r	nedical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Indication of immediate r Notes to physician	<ul> <li>nedical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary</li> <li>In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.</li> </ul>

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

U	•
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: water spray, CO <sub>2</sub>
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.</li> </ul>
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

# Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see
	Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits		
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated	AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011). TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Aerosol		
2,2',2"-nitrilotriethanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013). TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.		
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.		

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measured	<u>res</u>	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety

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showers are close to the workstation location.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Translucent. Amber.
Odor	: Characteristic.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: 8.8
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: >93.3°C (>199.9°F)
Flash point	: Not available.
Burning time	: Not applicable.
Burning rate	: Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: <0.13 kPa (<1 mm Hg) [room temperature]
Vapor density	: >1 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 1.03
Solubility	: Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
SADT	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not available.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from strong acids.; alkalis
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2,2',2"-nitrilotriethanol 2,2',2"-(hexahydro-1,3, 5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral		7.39 g/kg 763 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
F - F J	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
2,2',2"-nitrilotriethanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 15 milligrams Intermittent	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Mouse	-	50 Percent	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 560 milligrams	-
Oxirane, 2-methyl-, polymer with oxirane, monobutyl ether	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	50 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-

#### Sensitization

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Mutagenicity**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
2,2',2"-nitrilotriethanol	-	3	-

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Date of issue/Date of revision

Version :2

# Section 11. Toxicological information

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Teratogenicity**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely	: Not available.
routes of exposure	

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposureCauses eye irritation.Potential immediate effects:Causes eye irritation.Potential delayed effects:May cause an allergic skin reaction.Long term exposure effects:Not available.Potential delayed effects:Not available.Potential delayed effects:Not available.Potential chronic health effects:Not available.Potential chronic health effects:Not available.Carcinogenicity:No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity:No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects:No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects:No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
effectsPotential delayed effects: May cause an allergic skin reaction.Long term exposurePotential immediate: Not available.effects: Not available.Potential delayed effects: Not available.Potential chronic health effects: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	Short term exposure	
Long term exposurePotential immediate effects: Not available.Potential delayed effects: Not available.Potential chronic health effects: Not available.General: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		: Causes eye irritation.
Potential immediate effects: Not available.Potential delayed effects: Not available.Potential chronic health effects: Not available.General: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	Potential delayed effects	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
effectsPotential delayed effects: Not available.Potential chronic health effectsGeneral: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	Long term exposure	
Potential chronic health effectsGeneral: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		: Not available.
General: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	General	
Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.	Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
	Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.	<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
	Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated	Acute LC50 650000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
2,2',2"-nitrilotriethanol	Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 11800000 µg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 16000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas Daphnia - Daphnia magna	96 hours 21 days
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1/29/2019. Date of previous issue	: 3/12/2015. Version : 2	7/*

# Section 12. Ecological information

2,2',2"-(hexahydro-1,3, 5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol	Acute EC50 26.1 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 39 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated 2,2',2"-nitrilotriethanol 2,2',2"-(hexahydro-1,3, 5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol	-0.68 to 0.01 -1 -2	- <3.9 -	low low low

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
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## Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	9006	9006	9006	9006	9006
UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. ( Poly(oxy-1,2- ethanediyl), α-(1- oxododecyl)-ω- hydroxy-)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. ( Poly(oxy-1,2- ethanediyl), α-(1- oxododecyl)-ω- hydroxy-). Marine pollutant	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. ( Poly(oxy-1,2- ethanediyl), α-(1- oxododecyl)-ω- hydroxy-)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. ( Poly(oxy-1,2- ethanediyl), α-(1- oxododecyl)-ω- hydroxy-). Marine pollutant (Poly(oxy- 1,2-ethanediyl), α-( 1-oxododecyl)-ω- hydroxy-, Distillates ( petroleum), hydrotreated light)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. ( Poly(oxy-1,2- ethanediyl), α-(1- oxododecyl)-ω- hydroxy-)
Transport hazard class(es)				9	9

## Section 14. Transport information

Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
Additional information	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported on inland waterways in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg or by road, rail, or inland air in non-bulk sizes. <b>Remarks</b> The product is only regulated as a dangerous good when transported in tank vessels.	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail. Remarks The product is only regulated as a dangerous good when transported in tank vessels.	Remarks The product is only regulated as a dangerous good when transported in tank vessels.	The product is only regulated as a dangerous good when transported in tank vessels.	The product is only regulated as a dangerous good when transported in tank vessels.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

### Section 15. Regulatory information

**U.S. Federal regulations** 

: United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

SARA 311/312

Classification

: Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated	7.76	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
2,2',2"-nitrilotriethanol	4.68	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Oxirane, 2-methyl-, polymer with oxirane, monobutyl ether	4.019	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	3.351	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	No.
2,̈2',2"-(hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3, 5-triyl)triethanol	0.421	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

#### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains less than 0.1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer. WARNING: This product contains less than 1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name	Cancer			Maximum acceptable dosage level
ethylene oxide	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.

#### Canada

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Canadian lists	
Canadian NPRI	: The following components are listed: Hydrotreated light distillate
<b>CEPA Toxic substances</b>	: None of the components are listed.
Canada inventory	: At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.

### Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 3/12/2015.
Date of previous issue	: 3/12/2015.
Version	: 2
Prepared by	: Product Safety.
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient UN = United Nations

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations. The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions. It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations. The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.